**PAKISTAN STUDIES**

**ASSIGNMENT #4**

**TOPIC:**

“History of No Trust Motion in Pakistan, and

is it justifiable according to the constitution?”

**MEMBERS:**

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**Abstract:**

No Trust Motion, also known as No confidence, is a form of voting and statement to determine whether the prime minister or the speaker is still considered worthy of their position. This shows whether the National Assembly has lost its trust in the prime minister based on their action, and behavior. The majority of the National Assembly needs to lose confidence, and the voting to successfully remove the prime minister or the speaker. In Pakistan’s history, Benazir Bhutto was the first Pakistani prime minister to face a no-confidence motion in 1989 but survived as the opposition failed to get 12 votes. No Trust motion also ran Shaukat Aziz in 2006 but the National Assembly denied the mutual parliamentary opposition’s no-trust motion against Shaukat Aziz who was the Prime Minister at that time due to which he survived the confidence motion. Imran Khan also faced a No-Trust motion against him recently and failed to rule the majority, so Shahbaz Sharif took charge of the country as Prime minister. The No-Trust motion was also used against two speakers Chaudhry Amir Hussain in 2004 and Syed Fakhr Imam in 1985.